

PUFKY



A FULLY FUNCTIONAL PUF-BASED CRYPTOGRAPHIC KEY GENERATOR

Anthony Van Herrewege, Roel Maes, Ingrid Verbauwhede

KU Leuven, COSIC

CHES 2012 - Leuven, Belgium
2012-09-14

KATHOLIEKE UNIVERSITEIT
LEUVEN



Introduction



- Key generation
- Key storage

- Holy grail: **PUF**

Concept

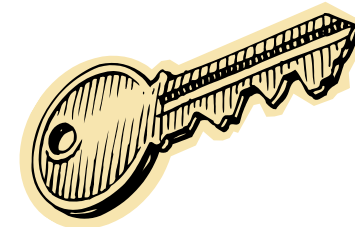
- PUF-based key generator



1. PUF

1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0

2. Reliability



3. Unpredictability

Concept

1. PUF

- Error rate p_e
- Entropy H

2. Error correction

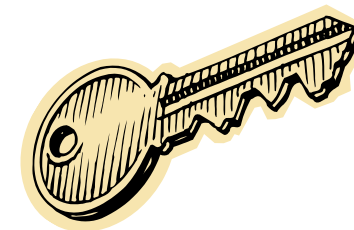
- $H' = H - (n - k)$
 > 0
- $k \uparrow \Leftrightarrow t \downarrow \Rightarrow H' \uparrow$
- Failure rate p_g

3. Entropy accumulation

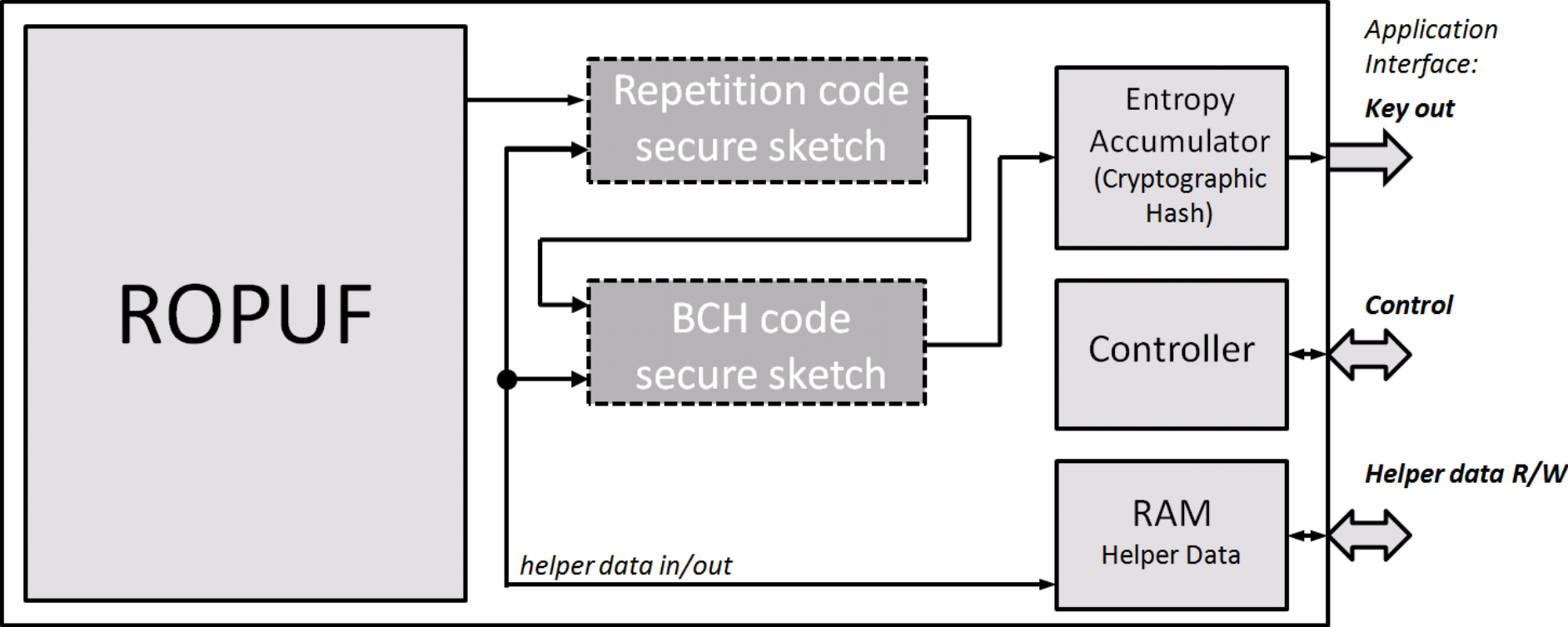
- $L \leq \text{Accum}(H')$



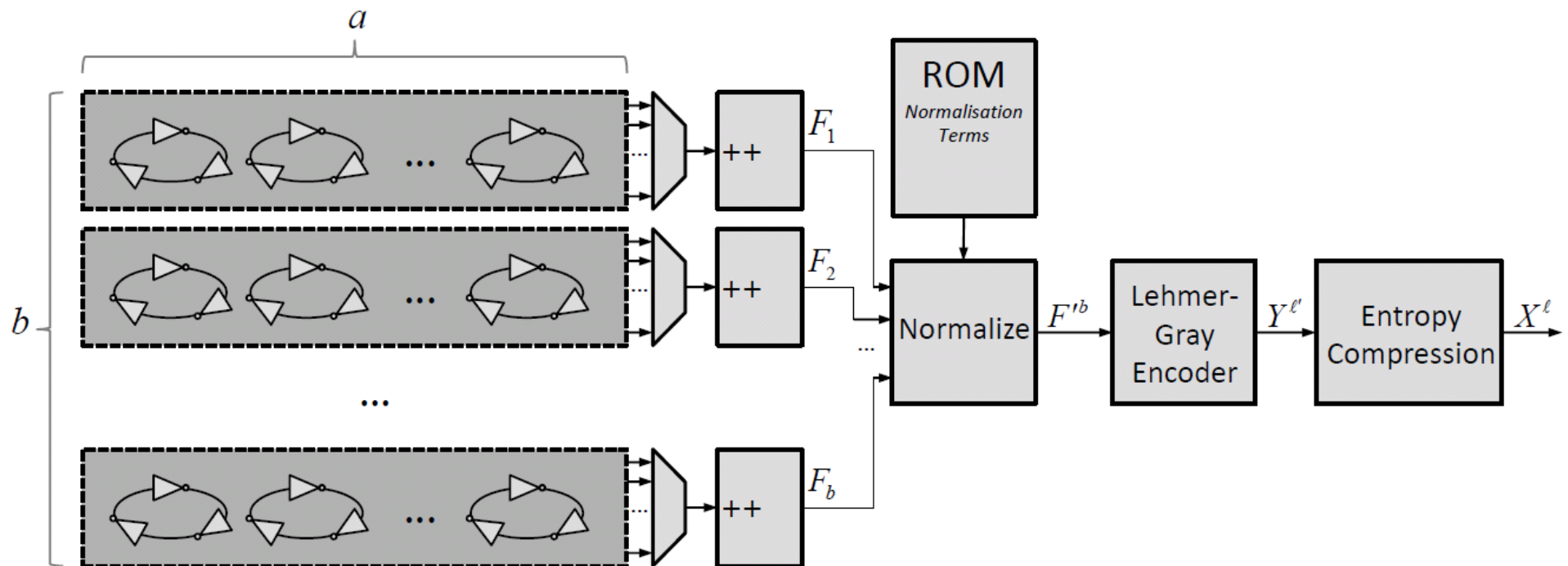
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0



Design



Step 1: PUF



Step 1: PUF

- # possible oscillator orderings: $n!$
- Lehmer encoding: $\sum_{i=2}^n \lceil \log_2 i \rceil$ vs $\sum_{i=2}^n \log_2 i$

D B A C → 1 [2 bits]

B A C → 1 3 [2 bits]

B A → 1 3 1 [1 bit]

A → 1 3 1

Step 1: PUF

- Gray encoding
- Entropy compression: increase H/bit

100 → 10

011 → 11

001 → 01

000 → 00

Step 2: Error correction

- Secure sketch construction

$$h = y \cdot H^T$$

$$y' = y + e$$

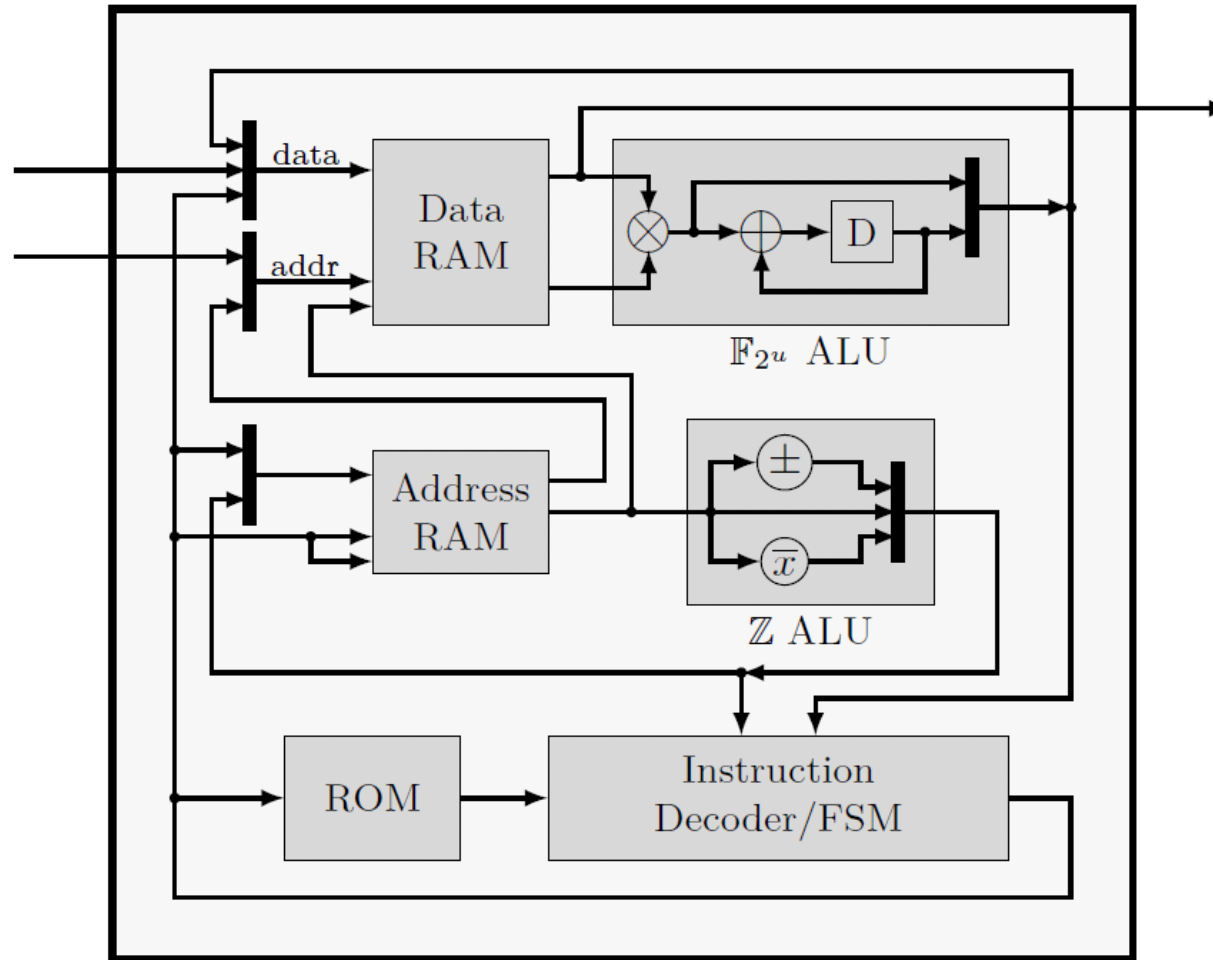
$$s = h + y' \cdot H^T$$

$$= (y + y') \cdot H^T$$

$$= (y + y + e) \cdot H^T$$

$$= e \cdot H^T$$

Step 2: Error correction



See: A. Van Herrewege, and I. Verbauwhede, "Tiny Application-Specific Programmable Processor for BCH Decoding," In *International Symposium on System-on-Chip - SoC '12*, 2012 (to appear).

Step 2: Error correction



- Instruction set: 16 opcodes
- Conditional execution
- Array based programming

- Does **not** have to be large: 112 slices

Step 3: Entropy accumulation



- Universal hash
- Cryptographic hash: NIST recommendation
(NIST Special Publication 800-90A)
→ SPONGENT-128

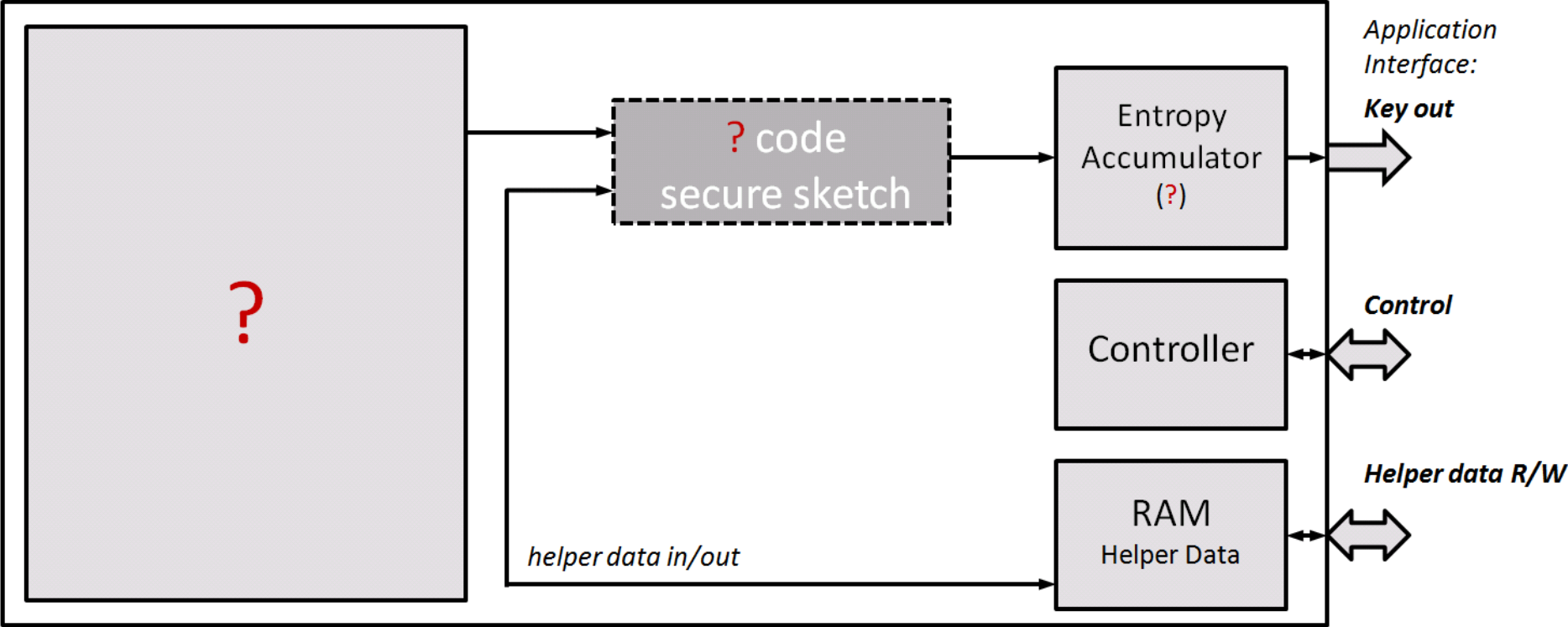
Results

- For 128-bit key, failure rate 10^{-9}
- Small: 1162 slices total
- Runtime: 5.62ms (82% PUF)

(a) Area consumption

Module	Size [slices]
ROPUF	952
REP decoder	37
BCH syndrome calc.	72
BCH decoder	112
SPONGENT-128	22
helper data RAM	38
<i>Total</i>	1162

Modularity



Conclusion



- **Small** PUF key generation **module**
- **Tiny BCH decoder** is possible
- Use of **standard algorithms**
- Use as **black box**

Questions?

